

EXTRA.

2 O'CLOCK.

SUTHERLAND  
SURRENDERS.

Gravesend's Fugitive Justice  
Gives Himself Up This  
Morning.

HE HAS BEEN IN MONTREAL.

Friends Here Urged Him to Re-  
turn After the Grand  
Jury's Recent Action.

INDICTED FOR FELONIES NOW.

Report That He Will Plead Guilty to  
One Charge That May Get  
Him Seven Years.

Creates a Longing for a Suburban Home.

A Hint is Enough for Real Estate Men.

Is the Medium in  
Which to Advertise

prisoner, and that the case be set over until to-morrow morning.

"I understand the position that Your Honor has taken with regard to these cases, and would ask that Sutherland be placed into the custody of the Sheriff until he is again brought into court."

Justice Gaynor said that he was not disposed to depart from his rule to take no part in the Gravesend cases while they are before the court, because of his connection with them before he was elected to a seat on the bench. He would adjourn the hearing until to-morrow, when another justice would hold court.

The entire proceedings occupied but a few minutes, and at the conclusion Sutherland was hustled out of court and up to Raymond Street Jail.

The charges made in the new indictments constitute felonies. The indictments are as follows:

1. Procuring a false canvass of votes in the Second District of Gravesend.
2. Same offense in the Third District.
3. Procuring the election of inspectors to make a false statement of the votes cast in the Second District.
4. Same offense in the Third District.
5. Concealing the registry lists in the First District.
6. Same offense in the Second District.
7. Same offense in the Third District.
8. Inducing the election inspectors not to enter the number of ballots on the lists so as to conceal evidence of fraud.

Now that Sutherland is back, it is said that the prosecuting authorities have made some agreement as to the extent of the punishment he is to receive. It was rumored this morning that Sutherland had agreed to plead guilty to the first indictment, which charges him with procuring a false canvass of the votes cast in the Second District.

The punishment for this crime is seven years. Some interesting developments are expected when Sutherland is brought to the bar to-morrow. Mr. Shepard, it is said, will make a complete statement as to what has been done in the Gravesend cases, and will give an elaborate exposure of the whole fraud containing much new matter which has never before been brought to light.

He will also render a statement of the condition of the cases at the present time.

Sutherland's intention to return had been carefully guarded, even from his former friends. His lawyer, Foster L. Backus, did not hear that he had arrived until after he had been in court, and was on his way to jail.

The fact that eight new indictments had been found against Sutherland was told in "The Evening Post" last Wednesday, and the rumor that he would be brought back was recorded on Friday.

After Sutherland arrived at his jail with Sheriff Butting he refused to see anybody and sent word to all inquirers that he had no statement to make.

According to Sheriff Butting, on the afternoon that he was found guilty of a misdemeanor, Sutherland went straight to Montreal, where he has been in hiding ever since.

When he arrived in Canada he consulted a well-known Montreal lawyer, who told him he could not be extradited until he had been found guilty of a crime. Since then Sutherland had consulted frequently with lawyers, and had been assured that it would be impossible for the Kings County authorities to bring him back to Brooklyn, even though he were indicted.

As soon as it became known that the Grand Jury was considering other cases against Sutherland, his friends wrote to him and advised him to return.

Saturday, a week ago, Robert J. Sutherland, the fugitive's brother, called on Deputy Attorney-General Shepard, and opened negotiations for Sutherland's return.

What the terms were are not known. Robert Sutherland, immediately after the interview, rushed to Canada. After he arrived he wrote to Mr. Shepard and Sheriff Butting that the fugitive would return to Brooklyn this morning.

It was rumored that "Kenny" would arrive at the Grand Central Depot at 8 o'clock this morning and arranged for Sheriff Butting to meet the fugitive in front of the Brooklyn Court-House.

Sheriff Butting stated that now that Sutherland had returned his bondsmen would lose nothing. Robert Sutherland, one of the bondsmen, has already paid \$2,500 to the county. This money will be refunded.

Sutherland had been a fugitive from justice since March 14 last, when he was convicted, on his second trial within two weeks, of procuring a false canvass of the votes in the Second District of Gravesend, and maliciously arresting and detaining the Gaynor copysist sent to Gravesend the night of Nov. 4, 1893.

A previous trial had resulted, March 1, in a disagreement of the jury, which was freely alleged at the time, had been "fixed."

Sutherland, however, was promptly brought to bar again on the same charge March 12, and two days later was convicted. He was not in court when the jury brought in its verdict, and on the representation of Lawyer Foster L. Backus that he had not run away Justice Brown received a verdict in the absence of the prisoner.

But, like the man in the song, Sutherland never came back. March 16 was fixed as the day for his sentence, and on his not appearing then his bail of \$500 was declared forfeited.

It was not until March 19, when March 19 to produce him in court. Neither did the fugitive show up then, but in spite of this Justice Brown sentenced him to one year's imprisonment and to pay a \$500 fine, the extreme penalty for the crime.

Sutherland was reported to have been seen variously in and around New York and Brooklyn in the interior of the State, and in its western part, in Canada and even in Cuba.

The more generally credited rumor, however, was that placing him in Canada, and there he might have remained indefinitely had not the Kings County Grand Jury last week indicted him for felony, an extraditable offense, and one which may yet land him in Sing Sing Prison, in close proximity to the "old boss," Convict 115-3, John J. McKane.

**MINE OWNERS LOSING HIS LIFE FOR A DRINK.**

Southern Operators Getting Control Pennsylvania Business.

Prices of Hard Coal May Be Raised To-Morrow.

No Resumption Yet Reported in the Clearfield Region.

(By Associated Press.)

PHILADELPHIA, May 28.—This is the day fixed upon by the bituminous mine operators of Central Pennsylvania for the resumption of work in the mines. So far as heard from there has not been any resumption; neither has there been any trouble of any sort. As predicted by men in a position to know, when the operators, on Monday last, issued their ultimatum of 4 cents a ton, the strikers have remained away from the mines, and the commencement of the sixth week of their strike finds them apparently as determined as ever to await the orders of President McBride, of the United Mine Workers, before resuming.

Meanwhile the coal situation, as far as this region is concerned, grows more serious every day. Soft coal is extremely scarce, and operators are compelled to pay almost exorbitant prices in order to fill their contracts. Agents who are lucky enough to have control of coal are making profits of from \$1 to \$1.50 a ton, whereas 10 cents was considered a fair profit before the coal famine set in. Another serious result of the strike that promises to be more lasting in its effect is the permanent loss of business, because of the inability of operators to fulfill old contracts or enter into new ones.

The regions that compete directly with the central Pennsylvania bituminous mines are the Cumberland in Maryland, the West Virginia fields, and the Pocahontas, in southwestern Virginia. Information from the Cumberland region is to the effect that men are going to work every day and coal is being turned out rapidly. Evidence of this is seen in the releasing by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad of coal which has been confiscated, and the delivery of Cumberland coal in portions of the East and West.

One reason for the return of the Cumberland miners to work is said to be the fact that when the last great bituminous strike occurred, in 1884, the Clearfield miners failed to stand by them, and they are now settling the old score.

In the Pocahontas region the mines and men are being worked to their utmost capacity. The Norfolk and Western Railroad is said to have hired all the locomotives and cars they can get from Southern railroads, and is at the present time rushing coal into Norfolk at an unprecedented rate. From Norfolk this coal is shipped by water to points on the England coast. It is comparatively little of it reaches New York, for the reason that since the coal goes by water it is sold at a low price, and is further along the coast, and the prices obtained in New England is much better.

The activity of the Pocahontas operators and the general resumption in the Cumberland mines will tend to swallow the coal mined by them in brought in direct competition with the Pennsylvania coal, and yet the miners employed by the latter ask for wages at the rate of 10 cents a ton, whereas the Cumberland miners work for 40 cents a ton and the Pocahontas men, mostly new men, receive only 25 cents a ton, or 60 per cent less.

While the scarcity of coal continues, the prices and shippers of anthracite are reaping a harvest. Shipments are being made abundantly, and it is probable that the coal famine here and their regular monthly meeting in New York will be a success. The price of coal on all sides at least 25 cents a ton. It is expected that a large proportion of the coal mined by the Pennsylvania Reading Railroad, which were "drowned out" last week, will resume work in a day or two. They will be worked ten hours a day for some time to come.

**STOCKS GAINED STRENGTH.**

They Yielded a Little at the Opening on Account of London Sales.

The week opened without any special activity in any direction, but the undertone of speculation continues as strong as ever, and in a few instances sharp advances were recorded.

The general list yielded fractionally at the start, partly on account of selling orders received from London.

As soon as these offerings were absorbed, however, a rally ensued. The bonds concentrated their efforts against Sugar, which moved about in a rolled and erratic way.

It advanced to 101-1/2, then broke to 99-1/2, recovered to 100-7/8 and reacted to 100. A rumor was started that the directors were to meet in a couple of weeks to act on the dividend, had already decided to reduce the rate, but this story was vigorously denied by friends of the stock.

Chicago Gas rose 1-1/2, to 72-1/2, on assurance that the usual dividend of 1-1/2 per cent for the current quarter will be declared in a few days. Lead jumped 2-1/2 to 101-1/2. The rest of the free-lead movement in the Senate, Lake Shore rose 1-1/2 to 133, New York 1-1/2 to 134, Northern Pacific preferred 3-8 to 15, and Missouri Pacific 2-5 to 17-1/2. Rock Island 5-8 to 81-4, and American Sugar preferred 1-2 to 92.

**WELLMAN-JUCH WEDDING.**

The Marriage Will Take Place on June 26.

Assistant District Attorney Wellman and Miss Emma Juch will be married June 26, in St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, Stamford, Conn., which is the home of Miss Juch. This announcement was made this morning by Miss Juch herself.

**To Stop Steamship Racing.**

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, May 28.—The attention of the Board of Trade has been called to the alleged racing across the Atlantic between the White Star line steamship Majestic and the American liner Paris. James Brice, the new President of the Board, will be invited to adopt measures to prevent any further racing between transatlantic steamers.

**Creates a Longing for a Suburban Home.**

**A Hint is Enough for Real Estate Men.**

**IN CITY HALL PARK.**

**DRESSED FOR SUICIDE.**

Pretty Annie Merin Disappears from Her Father's Home.

Her Friends Think She May Have Tried Self-Destruction.

Made a Careful Toilet Before Running Away.

The police at Headquarters were notified this morning of the disappearance of a young girl, the circumstances surrounding which are of a mysterious nature.

The case was reported by Solomon Merin, a furrier, living on the top floor of the tenement, 184 Chrystie street, with his wife and five children.

He said that at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon he sent his daughter Rosie, fifteen years old, to the grocery store on the ground floor of the house for a box of sardines. The girl delayed on the errand, and Mr. Merin sent his fourteen-year-old daughter, Annie, to see what had become of her.

Rosie returned a few minutes later, but Annie did not, and she has not been seen since.

It is learned from Rosie that Annie made a most careful toilet shortly before leaving the house, which her father said was something unusual for her to do. It is inferred from this that the girl was making preparations to make away with herself.

The girl had no quarrel at home. She is a light-complexioned, well-built girl, with light brown eyes, and a dress with red and black stripes.

An alarm has been sent out to all police stations throughout this and neighboring cities.

**BOUND AND LEFT TO DIE.**

Scion of English Aristocracy Roughly Used by Hoodlums.

(By Associated Press.)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 28.—In the San Jose Hills, south of Covina, a young Englishman was set upon by a gang of hoodlums, beaten into insensibility, then tied to a tree in a barren spot and left to perish. The young man is Robert Beauchamp, nephew of the Archbishop of York and heir of the Marquis of Cholmondeley.

Beauchamp extricated himself and made his way home. He will probably bring his case before British Consul Mortimer Beauchamp belongs to the Sixth Hussars in Her Majesty's service, and was injured in the last Afghan campaign.

**MR. GLADSTONE DOING WELL.**

His Physicians Issue a Bulletin Reporting Favorable Progress.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, May 28.—The following bulletin was issued this morning by the physicians in attendance upon Mr. Gladstone:

"Mr. Gladstone's progress towards complete recovery continues uninterrupted."

**Knocked Down His Cellar Stairs.**

During a quarrel between Henry Smith, twenty-nine years old, of 496 Hudson street, and Andrew Keefe, of 164 Christopher street, at Smith's home this morning, Smith was knocked down his cellar stairs and seriously injured. He was taken to St. Vincent's Hospital, Keefe escaped.

**Fell Into a Steamship Hold.**

James Brabin, fifty-two years old, of 202 Seventh street, Jersey City, fell from the deck of the steamship New York to the hold while at work this morning, and received a broken arm and other serious injuries. He was taken to the Chambers Street Hospital.

**MRS. EUSTIS'S STORY.**

She Testifies that Mrs. Fitzgerald Acted Insanely.

The Accused Woman Shows the First Sign of Emotion.

Mutters to Herself While Listening to Her Former Neighbor's Words.

The trial of Mrs. Catherine M. Fitzgerald for shooting Mrs. Carrie Pearsall will probably be concluded to-day before Judge Cowing in Part II. of the Court of General Sessions.

In response to the question of Frederick B. House, of counsel for Mrs. Fitzgerald, she said she had known Mrs. Fitzgerald some years.

Mrs. Minnie Eustis, of 108 West One Hundred and Second street, who was a witness for the people at the Coroner's inquest, was called as the first witness this morning for the defense.

She testified that she had known Mrs. Fitzgerald for many years, and that she had lived in the same house with her and I never knew her to act so before. She said she feared some people were trying to ruin her, I could make nothing out of it all. I thought she imagined it all.

"Then she told me how she had discovered that her husband had been at a hotel with another woman and said to me, 'I told a long story, but it was incoherent and I was afraid. I tried to tell you the truth, but I was afraid. I had known her for many years, lived in the same house with her and I never knew her to act so before. She said she feared some people were trying to ruin her, I could make nothing out of it all. I thought she imagined it all.'

Mrs. Eustis related incidents of other visits to Mrs. Fitzgerald and said that the symptoms of hysteria and distraction were always manifested.

As she gave her testimony Mrs. Fitzgerald showed the first signs of emotion. She moved uneasily in her chair and muttered to herself, holding the back of one hand to her temple. Her faithful sister, Mrs. McGowan, watched her with an expression of alarm on her kindly face, but the distracted woman made no demonstration.

**THREE SAILORS DOOMED.**

Decision Against St. Clair, the Would-be Pirate.

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, May 28.—The decision of the Supreme Court at Washington sustaining the decision of the United States Circuit Court in the case of Thomas St. Clair, probably means a triple hanging in California. St. Clair's appeal was a test case for three convicts who had been sentenced to death. They are the sailors who murdered Mate Fitzgerald, of the bark Hesper, on the high seas.

They had plotted to kill all the officers on the bark, and St. Clair was the leader of the plot. The decision also means liberty to nine of the Hesper's sailors, who for fifteen months have been imprisoned on Alcatraz Island, a United States penal station in San Francisco Bay. They were held as witnesses pending a decision in St. Clair's case.

**FOUND HANGING IN A CELL.**

Shields Attempted Suicide After His Arrest for Theft.

NEWARK, N. J., May 28.—William Shields, who was arrested last night on the charge of robbing Anthony Burckhardt, of 46 Orange street, attempted suicide this morning by hanging himself to the bars of his cell. He was cut down and revived in an hour. He was then sent to the court and committed for trial.

Shields accompanied Burckhardt to his home in a cab. When they arrived there the latter missed his watch. He had Shields arrested and the watch was found in his possession.

**Weather Forecast.**

The weather for the thirty-day ending 31st of May is as follows: Fair, even; thunder showers this evening and to-morrow, fair, cooler on Tuesday, with northwest winds. Conditions favorable for fair on Wednesday.

The temperature during the morning hours, as indicated by the thermometer at Feltz's Pharmacy, 3 A. M., 59.8 A. M., 59.9 A. M., 67.1 A. M., 72.3 A. M.

**Glitter's Sudden Death.**

William Glitter, a clerk, forty years old, of 14 Prospect street, Brooklyn, was taken ill early this morning, and died before an ambulance could be summoned.

**Are You Nervous?**

Is it whiskey? Can't you stop? KEEFER'S DOUBLE CHAMPION GOLD CURE will do it. Address Manager, 20 West 34th St., N. Y.



KENNETH F. SUTHERLAND.

(As he looked when he ran away.)

Sutherland created a sensation in the vicinity of the Brooklyn Court-House this morning by surrendering to Sheriff Butting. He was subsequently arraigned before Justice Gaynor in the Supreme Court and remanded to Raymond Street Jail until to-morrow morning.

The details for the surrender, it is believed, were arranged by "Bob" Sutherland, the fugitive's brother.

A rumor was current this morning that Sutherland had returned to the city from Canada yesterday, and that he had spent the night in jail. Sheriff Butting, however, denied the story, but admitted that he had been notified that Sutherland would appear to-day.

In anticipation of the expected return, Sheriff Butting went to his office at 8 o'clock this morning. After sitting around the office for nearly an hour he sauntered outside in front of the Court-House. He had only been there a few minutes when he heard a familiar voice say:

"Hello, Sheriff; I thought I would come and visit you."

Butting looked at the speaker, and recognized Sutherland. He invited him into the building, and then sent a message to Deputy Attorney-General Edward M. Shepard apprising him of the fugitive's arrival.

Sutherland, looking extremely well, and told Sheriff Butting that he had gained fifteen pounds during his two months' trip.

He had shaved off his mustache, and the absence of this adornment, together with his natty clothes, gave him something of the appearance of a prosperous business man, to say nothing of portending what might occur to him later should he be sent up the river to join his old chief, McKane.

Sutherland told the Sheriff that he had just arrived in town.

"I walk I all the way from South Ferry," he said, "and didn't meet a soul that I knew."

Sutherland chatted with the Sheriff in the latter's private office, but did not touch upon his own case. He seemed very cheerful.

The news that he had returned was carefully guarded, and did not leak out until nearly 8 o'clock, when preparations were made to arraign him in court.

A few minutes after that hour Sheriff Butting, clutching Sutherland's arm, marched him upstairs and into the Supreme Court, where Justice Gaynor was holding circuit.

Mr. Shepard had arrived and was waiting for the prisoner. As soon as the Sheriff and Sutherland reached the bar Mr. Shepard addressed the Court.

"We have Kenneth F. Sutherland here in custody of the Sheriff," said Mr. Shepard. "There are eight indictments pending against him, to which he will be called upon to plead."

"I ask the permission of the Court to serve these copies of indictments on the



PRINCESS JOSEPHINE.

The bride's dress was of white satin, with a veil and skirt of superb Brussels point lace, the gift of the ladies of Belgium. The bodice had a shawl, crossed in front, was encircled by orange blossoms and myrtles. There was a similar arrangement around the edge of the skirt and train. Queen Henrietta, of Belgium, wore a pink point de sole, with a profusion of pink chiffon on a pointed corsage. The skirt and the drapery of the bodice were edged with gray lace which was caught up at the shoulder with streamers of pink ribbons.

The wedding gifts included a magnificent tiara of diamonds and turquoises from the King and Queen of Belgium, and other jewels from the bridegroom and members of the royal family. The King of Roumania's wedding gift to his nephew and niece consisted of a magnificent table set of candelabra, goblets, jardinières and other articles in silver, in Louis XV. style, showing the armorial bearings of the bridegroom and bride. The gift of the Count and Countess of Flanders was a large silver corbeille, with open work border, a mirror at the bottom and the arms of the two princely families on two shields.



PRINCE CHARLES.

Fourteen young ladies of the titled aristocracy of Brussels have presented to Princess Josephine a superb toilet lace fan, delicately mounted in shell and set in brilliant. The Countess of Flanders presented her daughter with a washstand in chiseled silver, backed with a beveled edge mirror, the silver framework of which represented a garland of flowers. The entire toilet service is a unique specimen of the silversmith's art.

Princess Josephine is the second daughter of the Count of Flanders, and Prince Charles of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen is the youngest brother of the Crown Prince of Roumania. The wedding was originally fixed for May 15, but was postponed to enable the King of Roumania to attend in the betrothal was decided on announced in the Chamber of Representatives by Count de Merode Waelelo, Minister for Foreign Affairs, on Feb. 1, and the prospect of such a union was immediately welcomed.